## Manufacturing Nuts and Bolts

Presentation for the Chicago Jobs Council April 22, 2003

The Center for Labor and Community Research



### Description of the MWD Project The Reality of Manufacturing Today

How to Get Your Clients Hired

## Manufacturing Workforce Development Project

- Project of Chicago Federation of Labor, and Center for Labor and Community Research.
- Funded by U.S. Dept. of Labor.
- Research, analysis & study of best practice.
- Advisory committee of 40+ organizations.
- Detailed report of what is happening in local manufacturing workforce development.
- Suggested way forward.
- Support of WIBs and others.

## Cook County Manufacturing Workforce Development

Cook County manufacturers will need over 10,500 new and replacement workers *each year*.

 Manufacturers overwhelmingly say they cannot find workers with the skills they need to fill these jobs, including entry level workers.

## A Dysfunctional Non-System

1300 government-funded programs operating in the county that purport to prepare enrollees to work in manufacturing.

Thousands are out of work, including 86,200 disconnected young persons 16 to 21 years old who are out of school and out of work.

## Systemic Change Required

- Not guided by a contemporary vision.
- The parts aren't connected to each other.
- They are functioning poorly.
- Positive examples are small and marginal.
- Not meeting demands of employers and residents.

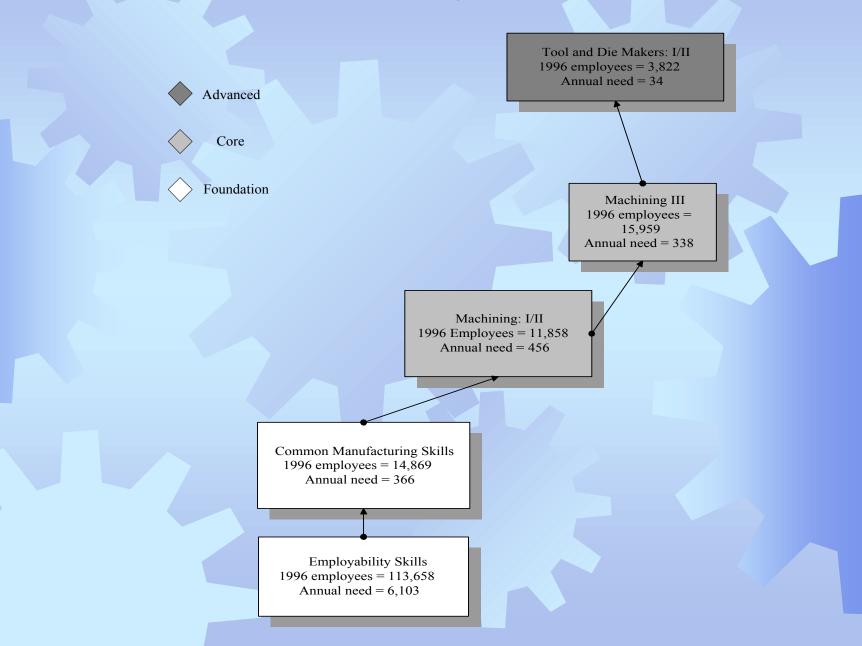
Our Proposal for a Manufacturing Career Path System

**Train to Competency STANDARDS** 

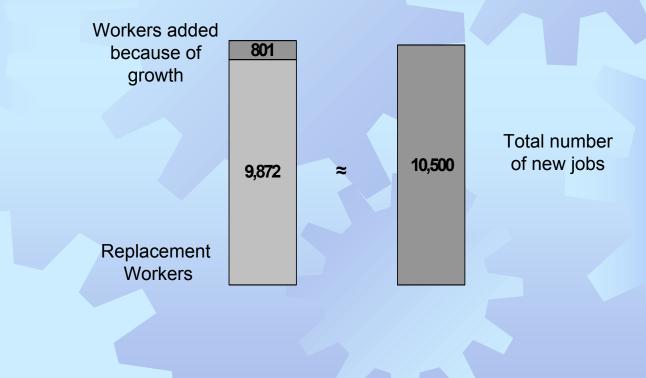
**CERTIFY Programs & Instructors** 

**CREDENTIAL graduates** 

## A Career Path System

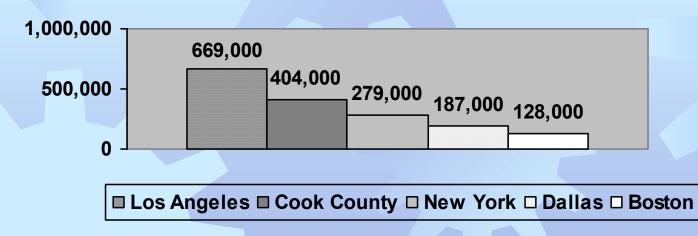


# The Demand: 10,500 <u>New</u> and <u>Important</u> Jobs Must be Filled <u>Every</u> Year



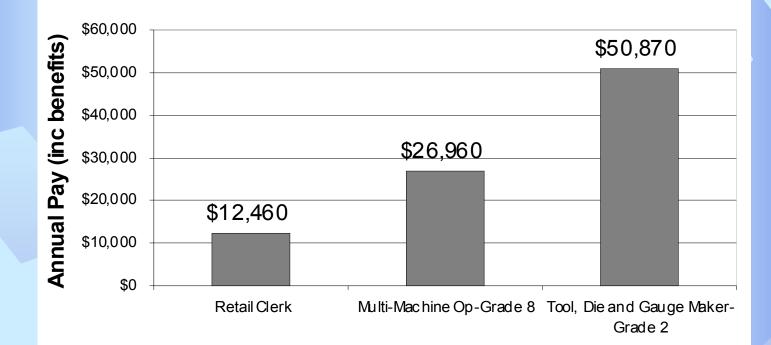
## Cook County is Second Largest Manufacturing Center in the U.S.

#### **Manufacturing Workers by County**



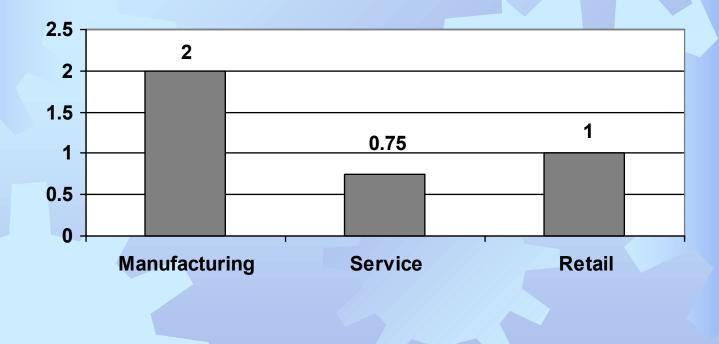
## Manufacturing Jobs Pay 20% More than the Average Job

Comparison of Annual Pay -Manufacturing and Retail Jobs



## Manufacturing Builds Communities

Ripple Effect -Number of Jobs Created in Local Economy by an Increase in One Job



## Sectors with Greatest Job Need

- Metal, Machinery, Electrical (MME) and Automotive: 4,050 new workers per year.
- Food: 1,090 new workers per year.
- Printing and Publishing: 1097 new workers per year.

<u>CAUTION:</u> Opportunity in a sector does not necessarily translate into demand for your clients. Depends on firm specific job requirements.

## Manufacturing Is Changing

Importance of information technology to: Control processes and machines Link to suppliers and customers Report output Integrate operations Technology continues to replace muscle. Workers expected to contribute ideas.

## Accelerating Emphasis On

Lean manufacturing
Safety and health
Quality
Teamwork

National and international standards and requirements such as OSHA, ISO 9000, Six Sigma, etc. are common.

Manufacturing Output is Growing While Employment Declines

 Each American consumes more American-made manufactured goods than ever before.

The number of manufacturing jobs is shrinking.

## **Result: Higher Productivity**

#### **Benefits**

- Consumers
- Workers remaining in manufacturing
- The overall economy

## **Problems**

- Disposable income we don't spend on goods has <u>not</u> resulted in enough good service jobs to replace the jobs lost in manufacturing.
- Manufacturing jobs dividing into very high-skilled high-pay and low-skilled low-pay.

 Service jobs also highly differentiated into high-pay and low-pay occupations.
 Increasing inequality.

## **Placing Your Clients**

Manufacturers are very diverse, even in the same industrial classification.
High-pay jobs require high qualifications.

## What It Takes to Get a Top Manufacturing Job

Experience in manufacturing, sometimes very specific experience. Excellent work record. Good literacy and math skills. Demonstrable technical skills. Strong soft skills, especially teamwork. Drug free, often for some time. Sometimes, specific credentials.

## **Segment Employers**

 If you don't have clients that meet these high qualifications you must identify manufacturing employers who will be happy with what your clients can offer.

- Generally lower pay, but often still good jobs.
- No easy way to do this: you have to make the cold calls. No particular category of manufacturer is more likely to hire workers with multiple barriers.
- Identical job titles do not mean identical jobs.

## **Know Your Customer**

Profile the open jobs.

Profiles enumerate all hiring requirements.

- Demonstrable SKILLS (Competencies)
- Specific EXPERIENCE
- KNOWLEDGE
- CREDENTIALS
- CHARACTERISTICS (including soft skills)

## **Build a Relationship**

- Strive to be your customer's most reliable source for employees.
- NEVER send an applicant that does not meet the profile.
- Sell the BENEFITS to the EMPLOYER'S bottom line of using your service.
- LISTEN and learn about the employer's business and his/her needs.

## The Job Developer Works for the Employer

If you send an unqualified candidate not only will he/she not get the job but you will ruin the chances of other clients to work for that employer.

 This is a tough point but it goes to the heart of why employers see government workforce programs as irrelevant.

Employers cannot afford to waste time in this economy.

## Advise the Applicant

- ALWAYS tell the whole and complete truth.
- List ALL jobs on the resume and application. Do not leave anything out.
- Ex-offenders face no special barriers in manufacturing as long as they disclose the offense. It helps if the applicant can explain what he/she learned. It does not help to assert innocence.
  - Do NOT apply to a manufacturer if you have a current or recent substance abuse issue.

## **Build Individual Career Paths**

- It may take a series of jobs over many years to move a person with multiple barriers from unemployment to a job that meets all her/his needs.
- Successful programs provide support to clients for two years.
  - Publicly funded programs generally fail to recognize that fairly long term interventions are required.

## Model the Interview

 Your interaction with the applicant should be a sample of what he/she will face at the interview.

- Always act professionally.
- Never make excuses for the applicant, never accept excuses from the applicant.
  - Be on time and expect the applicant to be on time.
- Learn good interviewing techniques.

## What Applicants Can Expect at Top Employers

Detailed, exhausting hiring process.
Behavioral focussed interviews.
Skill testing.
Background checks to verify information

all information.

Drug testing, including hair testing.

## What You Can Expect From Top Employers

- Honest, candid feedback.
- You will be measured and compared to other sources of employees.
- More hires if you send qualified applicants, not even getting your applicants interviewed if you do not.
  - The employer is in business, she/he isn't a social worker.

## Questions